



Candidate for Minnesota House District 24A

Jul 14, 2026

Yes/No questions

1. Have you visited a public school in your district in the past year?

Yes

Q2. ESP living wage: Will you support legislation to ensure that all education support professionals earn a living wage of at least \$25 an hour?

Yes

Q3. Due to significantly below-market compensation for teachers, most school districts in Minnesota are having difficulty filling teaching jobs, and state colleges report a continued decline in the number of graduates from teacher preparation programs. Would you support creating a minimum salary for all licensed Minnesota teachers of \$60,000 a year and an \$80,000 minimum salary for licensed teachers with 10 years of experience and a master's degree?

Yes

Q4. Will you support increasing state funding to ensure the financial sustainability of educator public pension funds, so the cost doesn't come out of workers' pockets?

Yes

Q5. Will you support improving teacher pensions, including an unreduced career rule, lowering penalties, and increasing cost of living adjustments for retirees?

Yes

Q6. Do you support the creation of and funding for the Educator Group Insurance Program (EGIP), which would give educators access to a mandatory statewide health insurance pool, just like other state workers?

Yes

Q7. Do you support dedicated funding for unemployment insurance for hourly school workers, and will you work against any efforts to repeal this benefit?

Yes

Do you support the following education funding priorities?

Q8a. Maintain the current automatic inflationary increase to the basic formula allowance, protecting funding increases from the erosion of inflation.

Yes

Q8b. SPED cross subsidy: Fully fund special education costs instead of relying on school districts to pay for them.

Yes

Q8c. EL cross subsidy: Fully fund the costs districts pay to provide quality English learner programs and instruction.

Yes

Q8d. Lower class sizes: Lower class sizes so teachers can give students more of the individual attention they need and deserve.

Yes

Q8e. Teachers of color: Fund programs to increase the number of teachers of color significantly so that teachers providing instruction better reflect the students in our classrooms.

Yes

Q8f. Student support: Defend Student Support Personnel Aid, which must be used for school nurses, social workers, counselors and psychologists.

Yes

Q8g. Defend against further cuts to school library aid, which is the only dedicated funding source for school libraries and media centers, including

Yes

Q8h. Early learning: Preserve and expand pre-Kindergarten options for all Minnesota families.

Yes

Q9. Would you commit to raising revenue to ensure the wealthiest corporations and richest households pay what they truly owe in taxes so every student, no matter what they look like or where they live, can attend a fully funded public school that prepares them to pursue their dreams?

Yes

Q11. Fully funded schools require adequate and stable revenues. Will you oppose tax cuts and carve outs that lower tax collections or narrow the tax base?

Yes

Q12. Efforts to address college affordability in the last two decades have resulted in 120% growth in the State Grant Program. One consequence of this high tuition/high aid model has been the chronic underfunding of the public college systems. Do you support returning to statutory funding levels for our public higher education institutions?

Yes

Q13. Another consequence of this high tuition/high aid model has been a significant amount of public money going to private colleges and universities. Do you support public dollars going solely to public higher education institutions?

Yes

Q14. Given nationwide attacks on higher education, do you support academic freedom and faculty control of curriculum?

Yes

Q17. Education Minnesota believes all students should have the freedom to feel safe, respected and welcomed in their public schools, no matter what they look like, no matter their country of origin, whether transgender or not. Do you agree?

Yes

Q18. Teachers need more time daily for planning and differentiating. Most after-school "prep" is filled with meetings. The current statute falls short of the time needed for preparing lessons. Will you support adjusting this statute to increase prep time?

Yes

Q19. Do you support paid, dedicated time outside of student contact time for special education teachers to complete their paperwork and attend required meetings?

Yes

Q20. Do you support increased reporting and transparency in worksite safety when reporting physical injuries and emotional trauma in the workplace?

Yes

Q21. The ability of workers to come together in a union and bargain collectively has been vital for reducing wage gaps by gender, building the middle class, and limiting wealth inequality in Minnesota. Do you support expanding and strengthening workers' rights to join a union and bargain collectively?

Yes

Q22. Will you oppose any legislation or constitutional amendments that would weaken collective bargaining rights, the right to organize, the right to strike, automatic payment of union dues, union access and activities at worksites or other anti-union policies backed by anti-worker groups?

Yes

Q23. Do you oppose state tax credits for private K-12 education tuition and expenses?

Yes

Q24. Will you support a moratorium on new charter schools until policy changes are made to ensure a stronger accountability system that will eliminate fraud and improve instructional and employment practices?

Yes

Q25. Will you reject all efforts to carve out, delay or rollback any aspects or benefits of the 2023 paid family medical leave law?

Yes

Q26. Do you support clarifying and strengthening workers' rights and protections in the paid family medical leave program?

Yes

Q1a. If yes: Which one? What were your observations from your visit? How will this experience inform your work as a legislator?

I have visited Byron High School in the past year as that is where my child attended. However, I previously served on the school board for Byron Public Schools from 2023-2024 and learned a lot about the issues facing public schools, especially with regards to funding. It made me understand how important it is for the legislature to properly fund our public schools and ensure they are fully funding any mandates so as to not be an extra burden on the districts, especially in smaller communities like Byron.

One thing I would like to note here since there isn't an open space for comments is that I completely support the proposals in this questionnaire. However, my support is contingent on ensuring that the legislature is able to fund these programs completely and not put an undue burden on smaller school communities that are already struggling.

Q10. Education Minnesota believes in restoring fairness to the state tax code by raising revenue from the very wealthiest corporations and richest households and reducing the reliance on local levies to fund schools. What progressive, equitable ways to raise state revenue do you support?

I agree that progressive taxes on the wealthiest households and corporations are a good way to ensure people are paying their fair share and that there is sufficient revenue to fund our public education system and other state programs. This is related to the previous, but I think it's also important to look at certain of tax breaks for corporations that could be better used for funding state programs. For instance, reinsurance for health insurance companies has cost Minnesota nearly a half a billion dollars. Further, the tax abatement programs for data centers are costing our state around \$100 million each year and is projected to be over \$250 million by 2029.

Q15. What individual or system-level decisions in education do you believe are appropriate to make based on standardized test scores?

Standardized testing shows you how well a student can perform on that test on that day. Performance can be influenced by so many external factors. While it is incredibly important for our teachers to have an understanding of where students are at, many of the standardized tests (i.e. MCAs) don't provide real time feedback. If a student isn't at grade level and needs some kind of intervention, that data doesn't arrive until the student has already moved on to a new grade level. I have heard good things about the FastBridge testing that is now being used to assess reading levels in the younger grades. I have heard it allows the teachers to assess the students in real time and monitor improvement and response to interventions. Overall, standardized tests should not be used to make any sort of funding decisions about schools. It should be used as a metric to ensure students are meeting the benchmarks necessary for their grade level and help guide possibly intervention.

Q16. Most educators believe students should have access to a wide range of age-appropriate books that include relatable characters and situations that reflect the diversity of Minnesota families. However, certain politicians and big money groups are trying to remove books from school libraries across America, particularly books with LGBTQ+ characters or those that deal with racism in America. How should Minnesota protect its students' freedom to read?

I was happy that the legislature passed the Access to Library Materials and Rights Protected statute during the 2023 session. We have a diverse student body in Minnesota. It is incredibly important for children to be able to see themselves reflected in the materials present in their schools. Further, learning about diverse viewpoints helps teach children empathy and can make them more open minded. I think one thing the legislature could do to strengthen this statute is make the data transparent by having public dashboards where people can follow challenges of books and see the result of the process. It could also be worthwhile to standardize the committees that review the challenged material to ensure the boards consist of licensed librarians.

Q27. How would you support schools, educators and students in recovering from the trauma and financial impacts that Operation Metro Surge inflicted upon our state, especially BIPOC communities?

I would like to see the legislation that designated safe zones around schools and prohibit ICE activity onsite that passed the Senate actually get through the House and be signed into law. This would at least help our students most affected by ICE be able to attend school without fear. Further, I think we could look at some kind of mental health program funding/training for staff to learn trauma informed practice to help students build resilience and cope with fear and trauma.